# EXERCISES [MAI 4.10]

## **BINOMIAL DISTRIBUTION**

#### **SOLUTIONS**

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## A. Paper 1 questions (SHORT)

**1.** (a)

	exactly	y 4 heads	0.	273		
	exactly 3 heads			0.219		
	3, 4 or 5 heads			0.711		
	no heads		0.	0.00391		
	always heads			0.00391		
	at most 2 heads		0.	0.145		
	at least 3heads		0.	0.855		
(b)						
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$$E(X) \quad 4 \quad Var(X) \quad 2$$

2. 
$$np = 10$$
 and  $np(1-p) = 6$ . Hence  $10(1-p) = 6 \Leftrightarrow p = 0.4$  and  $n = 25$ 

**3.** 
$$B(n, p)$$
 with  $n = 5$  and  $p = \frac{1}{2}$ 

- (a)  $P(X=3) = 0.3125 \dots = 0.313$
- (b)  $P(X \ge 1) = 0.969$

4. 
$$B(n, p)$$
 with  $n = 7$  and  $p = 0.18$ 

- (a) P(X=2) = 0.252
- (b)  $P(X \ge 2) = 0.368$
- 5. B(n, p) with n = 100 and p = 0.04
  - (a) mean =  $np = 100 \times 0.04 = 4$
  - (b) P(X=6) = 0.105
  - (c)  $P(X \ge 1) = 0.983$
- 6.  $X \sim B(100, 0.02)$ 
  - (a)  $E(X) = 100 \times 0.02 = 2$ (b) (i) P(X=3) = 0.182 (ii) P(X>1) = 0.597

7. 
$$p(\text{Red}) = \frac{35}{40} = \frac{7}{8}$$
  $p(\text{Black}) = \frac{5}{40} = \frac{1}{8}$   
(a)  $B(n, p)$  with  $n = 8$ ,  $p = \frac{1}{8}$   
(i)  $p(\text{one black}) = P(X = 1) = 0.393$  to 3 s.f. (ii)  $p(\text{at least one black}) = P(X \ge 1)$   
(b) 400 draws: expected number of blacks  $= \frac{400}{8} = 50$ 

8.  $X \sim B(n, p)$  with n = 5 and  $p = \frac{1}{3}$ 

Therefore P(X=3) = 0.165

= 0.656

- 9. (a) Probability = 0.138 (b) Probability =  $(0.6)^2 \times 0.4 = 0.144 \left( \text{or} \frac{18}{125} \right)$
- 10. (a) X is B(10, 0.25)  $E(X) = 10 \times 0.25 = 2.5$ (b)  $P(X \le 2) = 0.526$
- 11. *X* is Binomial n = 5 p = 0.4P( $X \le 3$ ) = 0.913 to 3 s.f.
- 12. (a) B(n, p) with n = 3,  $p = \frac{1}{3}$ (i) P(X=3) = 0.0370 or  $P(3H) = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^3 = \frac{1}{27}$ (ii) P(X=3) = 0.222 or  $P(2H, 1T) = 3\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{9}$ (b) (i) expected number of heads  $= np = \left(\frac{1}{3} \times 12\right) = 4$ (ii) 4 heads, so 8 tails
  - 4 heads, so 8 tails E(winnings) =  $4 \times 10 - 8 \times 6 (= 40 - 48) = -\$ 8$
- **13.** B(n, p) with n = 7,  $p = \frac{1}{5}$ P(X = 4) = 0.0287 $P(X \ge 4) = 0.0333$

14. 
$$B(n, p)$$
 with  $n = 20$ ,  $p = \frac{1}{4}$ 

- (a)  $E(X) = 20 \times \frac{1}{4} = 5$
- (b) P(X=5) = 0.202 to 3 s.f.
- (c) P(X < 5) = 0.415 to 3 s.f. [less than five means  $P(X \le 4)$ ]

**15.** (a) P(all ten cells fail) = 
$$0.107$$
 (or  $0.8^{10}$ )

(b) (satellite is still operating at the end of one year if  $X \ge 1$ P( $X \ge 1$ ) = 0.893 (or 1 - 0.107= 0.893)

16. (i) mean = 
$$10 \times 0.4 = 4$$
  
(ii) check P(X = 3) = 0.214, P(X = 4) = 0.251, P(X = 5) = 0.201 so mode = 4  
(iii) variance =  $10 \times 0.4 \times 0.6 = 2.4$ 

(iv) st. dev =  $\sqrt{2.4} = 1.55$ 

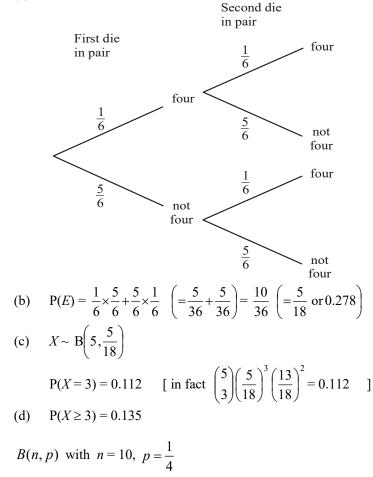
17. (i) mean = 
$$10 \times \frac{1}{4} = 2.5$$

(ii) check P(X=2) = 0.281, P(X=3) = 0.250 so mode = 2

(iii) variance = 
$$10 \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{15}{8} = 1.875$$

(iv) st. dev = 
$$\sqrt{1.875} = 1.37$$

## **18.** (a)



(a) 
$$E(X) = 10 \times \frac{1}{4} = 2.5$$

(b) P(X=6) = 0.0162

19.

(c) 
$$P(X \ge 2) = 0.756$$

(d) Since E(X) = 2.5 the mode is 2 or 3 Using GDC

X		P(X = x)		
	1	0.188		
	2	0.282		
	3	0.250		

From these values the most likely number of yellow ribbons is 2.

(e) The probability that a ribbon is yellow remains constant (=  $\frac{1}{4}$ )

**20.** 
$$B(n, p)$$
 with  $n = 20, p = 0.3$ 

- (a) Mean =  $20 \times 0.3 = 6$  Variance =  $20 \times 0.3 \times 0.7 = 4.2$
- (b) (i) P(X=5) = 0.179 (ii)  $P(4 \le X \le 8) = 0.780$
- (c) 0.3
- (d)  $0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.3 = 0.147$